

Code No: A5202

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Tech I Semester Examinations, October/November-2011 ADVANCED MECHANICS OF SOLIDS (DESIGN FOR MANUFACTURING)

Time: 3hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

1. A 2mm thick plate of steel is formed into the cross section shown in Fig.1. Locate the shear centre for the cross section. [12]



Fig.1

- 2. A simply supported bean of length 1.8m carries a central load of 3.4kN inclined at 30° to the vertical and passing through the centroid of the section as shown in Fig.2. Determine:
 - a) Maximum tensile stress
 - b) Maximum compressive stress
 - c) Deflection due to the load.

[12]



- 3. A crane hook whose horizontal cross-section is trapezium, 50mm wide at the inner side, 25mm wide at the outer side and 50mm thick, carries a load of 10kN whose line if action is 60 mm from the inside edge of the section. The centre of curvature is at a distance of 50 mm from the inside edge. Calculate the maximum tensile and compressive stresses developed in the hook material. [12]
- 4. A T-section with flange 10cm×1cm and web 19cm×0.8cm is subjected to a torque of 200Nm. Find the maximum shear stress and angle of twist per metre length $G = 82 kN/mm^2$ [12]
- 5. A shaft of hollow square section of outer side 38mm and inner side 30mm is subjected to twisting such that the maximum shear stress developed is 240 N/mm². What is the torque acting on the shaft and angular twist if the shaft is 1.2m long? Take $G = 8 \times 10^5 \text{N/mm}^2$. [12]
- 6. A circular plate is made of steel (E=200 GPa, $\gamma = 0.29$ and Y=276MPa), has a radius a =250mm, and has thickness h=25mm. The plate is simply supported and subjected to a uniform pressure p=1.38 MPa. Determine the maximum bending stress in the plate and maximum deflection. [12]
- 7. A steel I-beam (E=200GPa) has a depth of 102 mm, width of 68mm, $I_x=2.53\times10^6$ mm⁴, and length of 4m. It is attached to a rubber foundation for which $K_0=0.350$ N/mm³. A concentrated load P=30kN is applied at one end of the beam. Determine the maximum deflection, maximum flexural stress in the beam and the location of each. [12]
- 8. Explain the methods of computing contact stresses. [12]

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